

Fillings

Also known as: Dental restoration

Got a cavity?

You'll need a filling. This common procedure is used to stop decay and protect your teeth.



Did you know?

Americans ages 20 to 64 have an average of 7 filled teeth!

National Institute of Dental and Craniofacial Research

What are fillings made of?

The two primary kinds of fillings are amalgam (a mixture of metals such as silver, tin, mercury and copper) and resin composite (ceramic and plastic compound). Each type has advantages and drawbacks:

Amalgam

Advantage:

- **Proven.** This type of filling has been around since 1895!
- **Economical.** These fillings cost less than their resin counterparts.
- Long-lasting. They generally last 10-15 years, so you don't have to go under the drill as often.

Drawback:

- Noticeable. Unlike tooth-colored resin, the metal is hard to miss when you open wide.
- Allergies. Some people are sensitive to the metals used.

Resin composite

Advantage:

- Invisible. The same color as your teeth, these fillings blend right in.
- Easy adhesion. They bond to the surface of your tooth.
- Preserves maximum amount of tooth. The material's flexibility means less drilling is required.

Drawback:

- More frequent replacement.
 They last about 5-7 years, which is half the lifetime of the average amalgam filling.
- Takes longer. The process of placing a resin filling is more involved, taking more of your time and the dentist's.





Did you know?

You can also get fillings made of porcelain, gold and glass ionomer, although these materials are less likely to be covered under most dental plans.

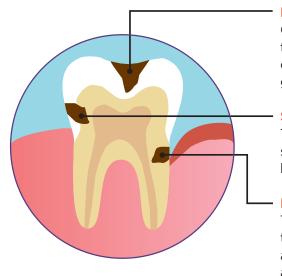
What happens?

When you get a filling (or a replacement filling), the dentist will use a drill to remove the decay or worn out filling. A vacuum and air/water spray may also be used to keep the area clean. Then, the filling material is placed in the tooth. For resin composite fillings, a blue light is used to harden the material. Finally, the dentist will shape the surface of the filling to fit your bite.

Does it hurt?

Not since dentists started using anesthesia! Before the procedure. your dentist will numb your tooth and the surrounding area with a gel or injection — sometimes both. As the tooth is being drilled, all you'll feel is the vibration!

Types of decay



Pit-and-fissure cavity

Common among children and teens without sealants, these cavities appear in the deep grooves of back teeth.

Smooth surface cavity

This type of cavity appears on the sides of your teeth. Flossing can help prevent this kind of decay.

Root cavity

These cavities appear on the tooth root (under the gums) and are most common among older adults with gum disease.

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